

INTEGRATED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC AND THERMAL SYSTEM FOR ENHANCED ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Presented by Mr. Cedric Obiang Assembe



OUTLINE

1. Introduction
2. Aims & Objectives
3. What is PV/T?
4. Materials & Methods
5. Results
6. Conclusion
7. Questions, Remarks & Suggestion



INTRODUCTION

- Concern regarding Renewable Energy (RE)
- Socio-environmental impact of fossil fuels
- Explore clean and environmental friendly Energy
- Investigate on Combined Photovoltaic & Thermal system (PV/T)



AIMS & OBJECTIVES

- Build a combined PV/T to Improve electricity efficiency.

1^{rst}

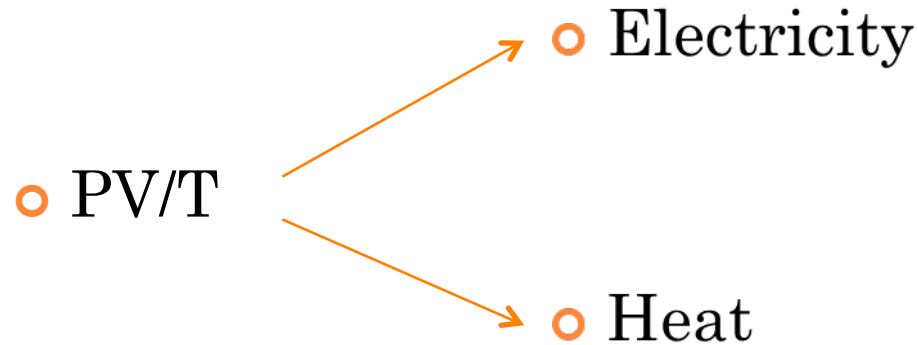
- To enhance low energy efficiency.

2nd

- To perform analytical or experimental work on the constructed PV/T.
- Evaluate heat and electricity efficiency of PV/T.



WHAT IS PV/T?



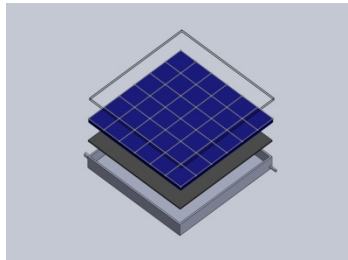
- What kind of PV/T will be suitable for this idea?
- Which principles need to be used to develop this idea?

MATERIALS & METHODS

- Researches



- Design



- Experiments

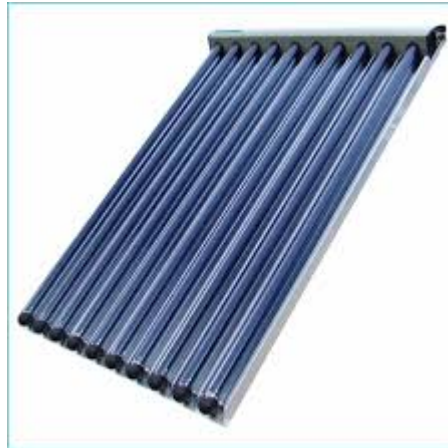


MATERIALS & METHODS

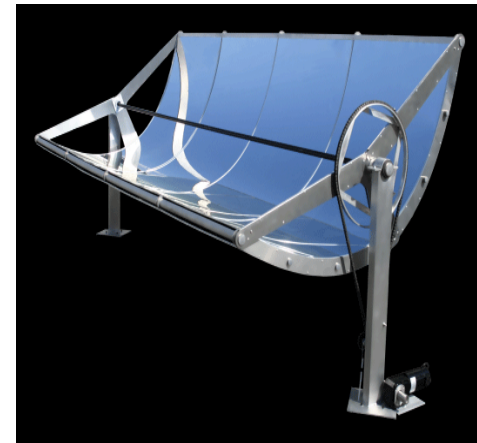
Design types



- Flat plate collector



- Evacuated tube collector



- Concentrating collectors

MATERIALS & METHODS

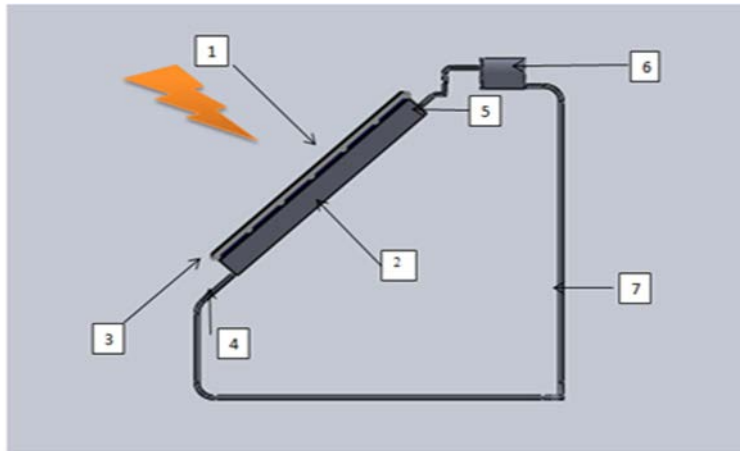


Figure 1: Final model of the PV/T water based collector

- 1 Cover plate
- 2 Thermal collector (water flow)
- 3 Photovoltaic cell (PV module)
- 4 Inlet water flow
- 5 Outlet water flow
- 6 Tank
- 7 Flexible or water conduct



Figure 2: Constructed PV/T model for experimentation

MATERIALS & METHODS

Main Calculation for data

- $Q_u = A[E\alpha\tau - U_L(T_m - T_a)]$ (1)

- $\dot{m} = Q_u / c_p(T_{fo} - T_{fi})$ (2)

- $Q_u = F_R A[E\alpha\tau - U_L(T_{fi} - T_a)] = \dot{m}c_p(T_{fo} - T_{fi})$

- $F_R = \frac{Q_u}{A[E\alpha\tau - U_L(T_{fi} - T_a)]}$ (3)

Efficiencies equations

- $\eta_{th} = \frac{F_R A[E\alpha\tau - U_L(T_i - T_a)]}{AE}$ (4)

- $\eta_{ee} = \frac{I_{sc} * V_{oc}}{AE}$ (5)

- $\eta_{pvt} = \frac{F_R A[E\alpha\tau - U_L(T_i - T_a)]}{AE} + \frac{I_{sc} * V_{oc}}{AE}$ (6)

RESULTS

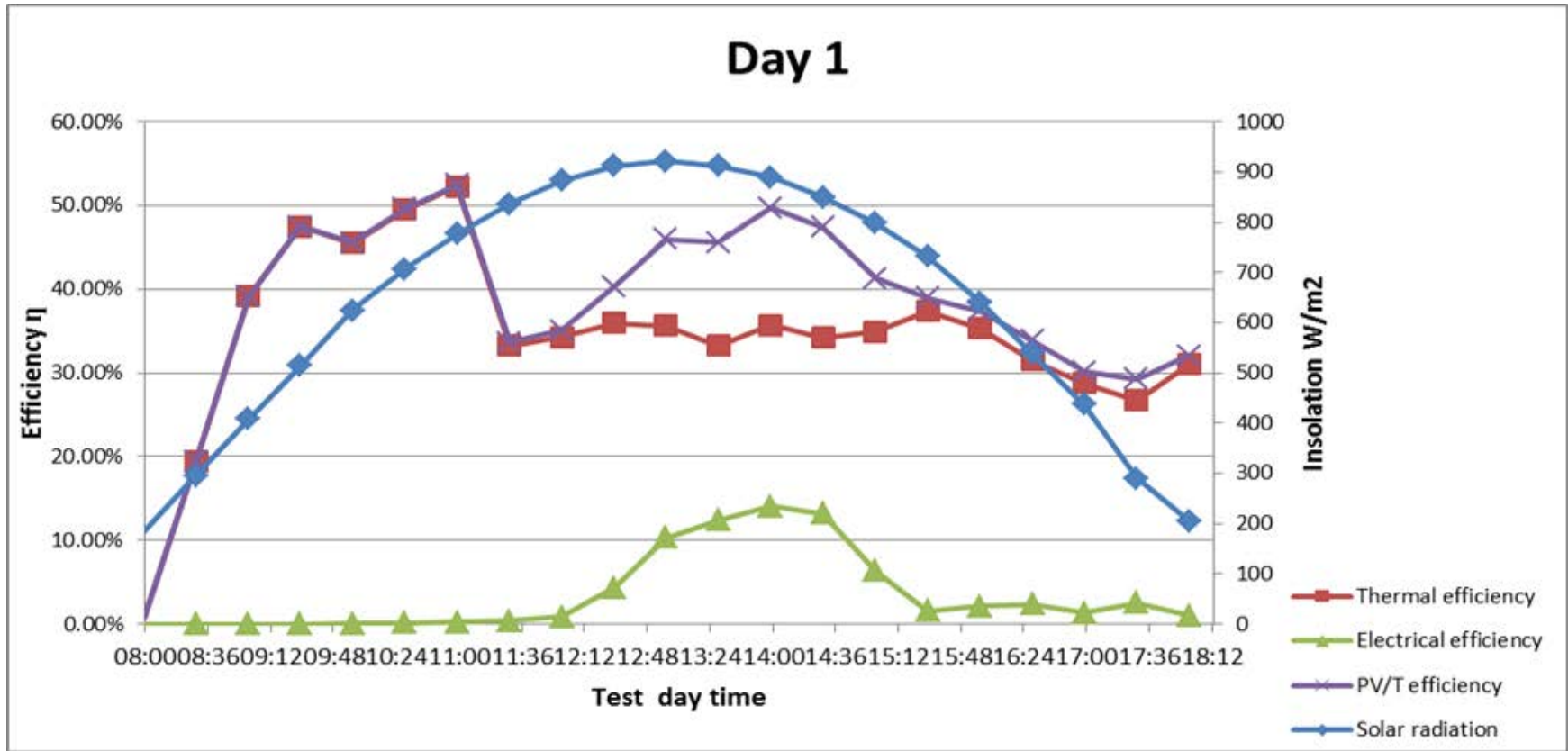


Figure 3: Graphical plot of test result of efficiencies (thermal, electrical and PV/T) as function of time during day 1.

1. Solar radiation shows a parabolic tendency.
2. when the thermal efficiency drop the electrical efficiency started to rise.

RESULTS

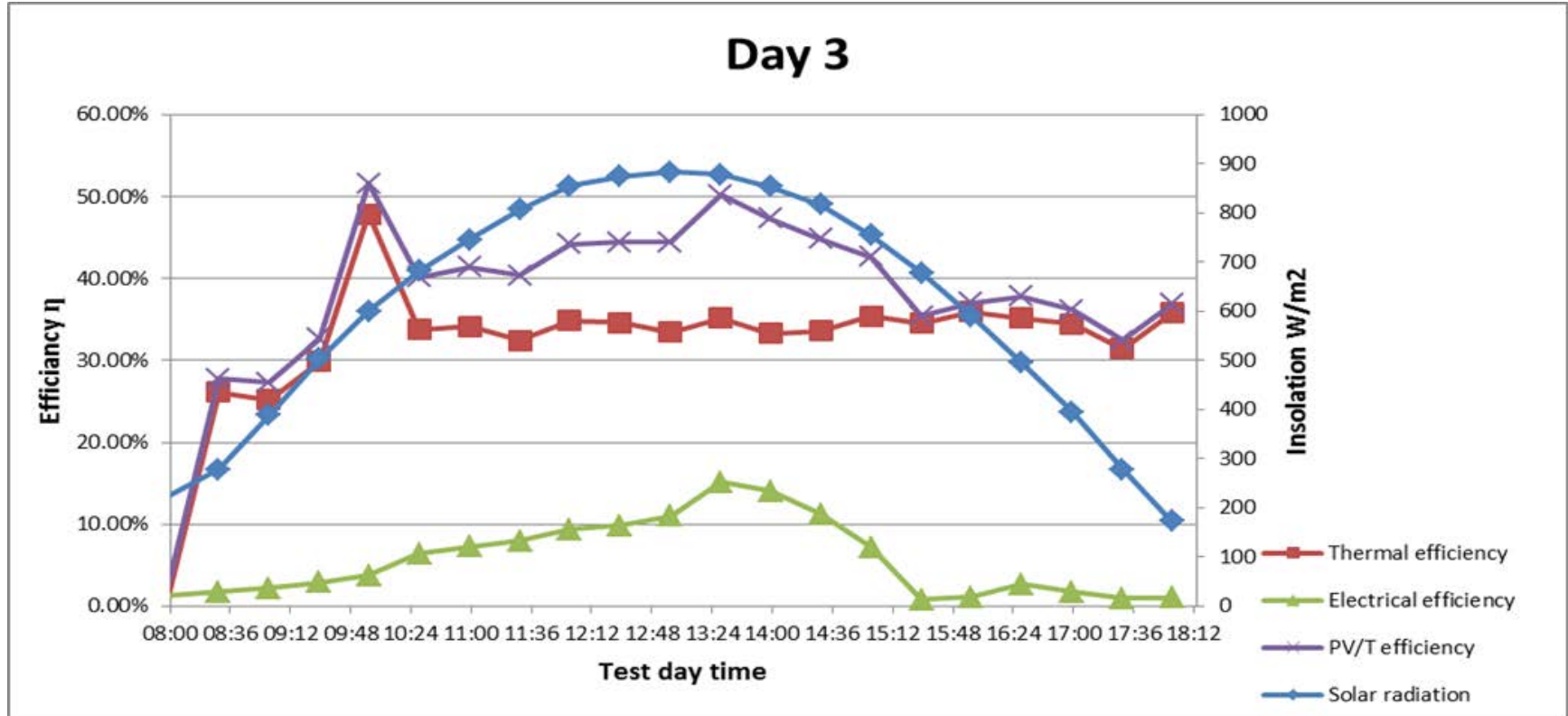


Figure 4: Graphical plot of test result of efficiencies (thermal, electrical and PV/T) as function of time during day 3.

1. The thermal efficiency of the PV/T was influenced by thermal condition of heat exchange
2. The electrical efficiency became quickly efficient

RESULTS

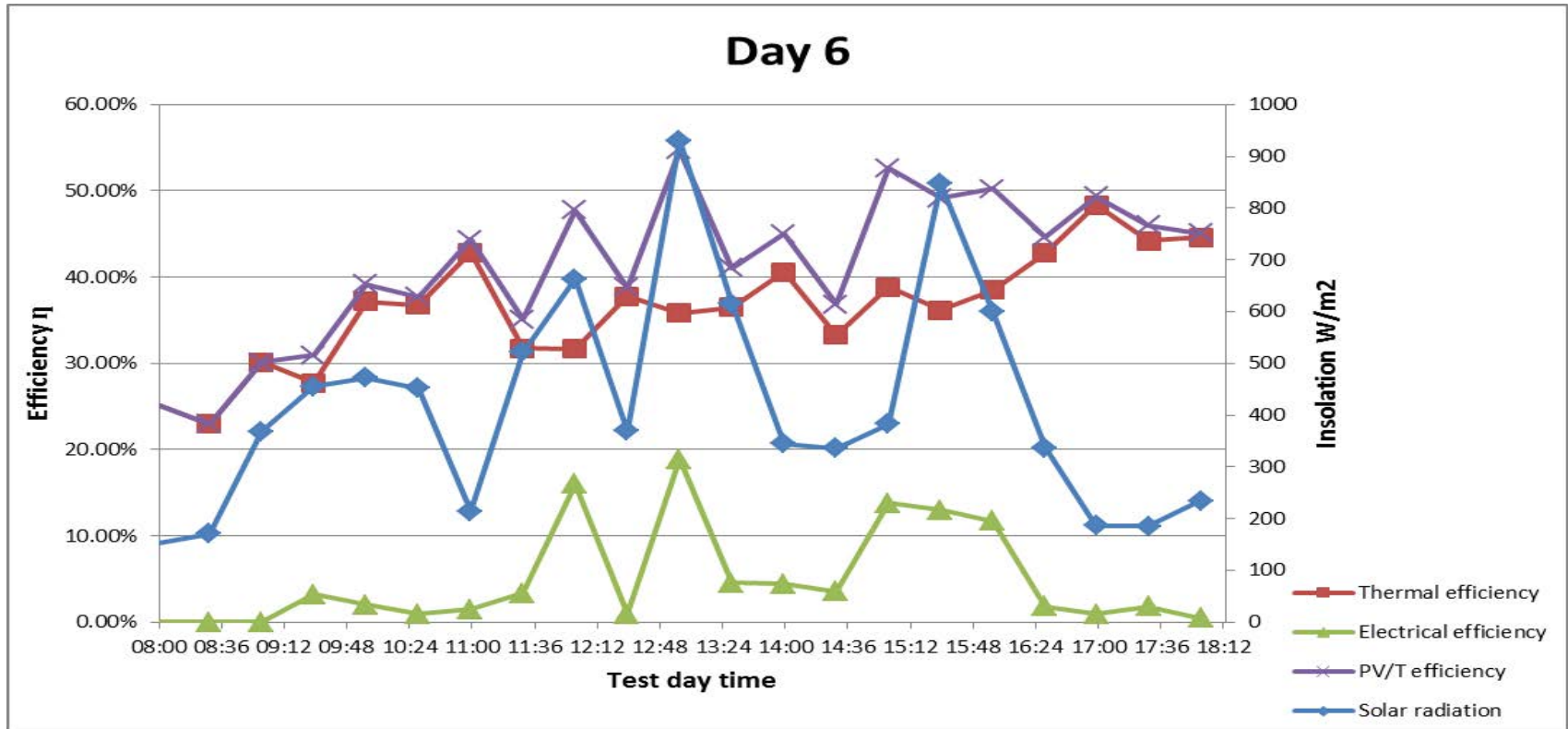


Figure 5: Graphical plot of test result of efficiencies (thermal, electrical and PV/T) as function of time during day 6.

1. The Electrical efficiency depends on solar radiation.
2. Two peaks occurred for the electrical efficiency with the best efficiency

ANALYSIS RESULTS

Thermal Efficiency

- The effect could not be neglected in the calculation of the global PV/T efficiency.
- The results of thermal efficiencies was more favorable to be used.

Electrical Efficiency

- The effect could help increase PV/T efficiency performance if solar radiations on the PV module decrease.
- The results of electrical efficiencies was only presented a slightly improvement.

CONCLUSION

- Could help increase the electrical efficiency to a better performance.
- Presented a considerable yield on the overall PV/T efficiency.
- Will increase the competitiveness of PV/T collectors and utilization of renewable energy devices

REFERENCES

- Andrews, J. W. (1981). Evaluation of flat-plate photovoltaic/thermal hybrid systems for solar energy utilization. Department of Energy and Environment, Solar Technology Group, Brookhaven National Laboratory. Retrieved from <https://www.bnl.gov/isd/documents/22828.pdf>
- Baljit Singh, M. Y. O. (2009). A review on photovoltaic thermal collectors. *Journal of Renewable and Sustainable Energy*, 1(6). <http://doi.org/10.1063/1.3266963>
- Huizinga, F. S. (2013, December 4). Combined Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal (PV-T) systems; Design optimization and thermal annealing [Master thesis]. Retrieved May 22, 2016, from <http://dspace.library.uu.nl/handle/1874/287438>
- Kalogirou, S. A. (2004). Solar thermal collectors and applications. *Progress in Energy and Combustion Science*, 30(3), 231–295. <http://doi.org/10.1016/j.pecs.2004.02.001>



THANK YOU

REMARKS AND QUESTIONS